



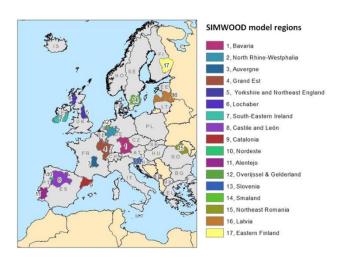


## **SIMWOOD** project



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# **SIMWOOD - Concept**



## Important key "Regional Initiatives"

- Wood mobilisation is more likely to be successful when it is embedded in collaborative Initiatives of multiple stakeholders.
- Increased awareness of the role of forestry for the region
- Common societal agreement on forest use,
- Impacts on sustainable regional development

## Concept of "Regional Learning Labs" in SIMWOOD

- Involvement of regional stakeholders (workshops, round tables)
- Common analysis of the status quo,
- Identification, implementation and evaluation of wood mobilisation solutions for the model region
- To overcome barriers and make use of opportunities

## **Pilot Projects**



 Development of a Guide for planning, implementing and evaluation of Simwood Pilot Projects (common structure and understanding)

### 22 Pilot projects

- SME and institutional partners working hand in hand
- to test measures to overcome critical barriers
- 3 typical interventions
  - New working methods for the sustainable wood supply
  - Strategies and new service-offerings to engage forest owners
  - Capacity-building for professional practitioner



# 2 Examples of Pilot Projects





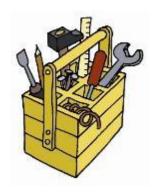
(Alex Kelly, IWP)

## Ireland:

"Developing a new collaborative producer group and supply chains towards the mobilisation of timber"

## France:

"Capacity building for a better, more efficient service offering in special forest conditions: sensitive soils in Grand Est"



C. Pupin, Forêts & Bois de l'Est, Ph. Ruch, FCBA

# Ireland – Producer group & supply chain



#### Barriers:

- First generation forest owners, lack of knowledge, scattered sites with poor access, no coordination, standing sales hide timber value, lack of trust
- many forestry discussion groups in Ireland don't always result in active forest management and wood mobilisation.

#### Challenges:

- Logistics of supply chains
- Challenge of smaller sites
- Optimum economic return to forest owner

#### Measures:

Knowledge transfer: e.g. field events, training, workshops

Clustered forest activities:
 e.g. Harvesting plans, tender, contracts

New markets:
 e.g. improved site infrastructure, chain of custody

Wood mobilisation has to be a long term, viable option for regional private forestry.

# Ireland - Producer group & supply chain



#### Outcome:

- Small, local group into a commercial "Irish Wood Producers" (55 to 750 members).
- IWP engaged with forest owners to
  - implement of SFM and sell commercially (e.g. 95 % participants of field events)
  - secure economic viability for members.
- Developed sustainable harvesting method optimised the economic return for forest owners
  30-50% increased revenue to forest owners.
- timber/biomass production achieved an economy of scale to develop regional markets.
- 34 contractors employed full time
- Investment in new machinery as a direct result of the group's contracts
- SIMWOOD project has acted as a catalyst for the group:
  - Active management mobilisation of timber increased economic return,
  - developed structure will sustain the newly evolved group "IWP"
  - can be replicated by groups in other regions.

(Alex Kelly, IWP)

# France – Capacity building



#### Objective:

Improving practitioners' capacity to harvest more efficiently on sensitive soils will increase forest owners' confidence in their service provider...and progressively unlock willingness to harvest

#### Barriers:

- Sensitive soils = 25% of forest area
- Practitioners lack of knowledge and skills where the owners fear harvesting.

### Challenges:

 RLL with about 8 forest professionals from different sectors, permanent exchange with project leaders, collective steering of the project's evolution.

#### Measures:

- Step 1: Several tests of machineries (tracks, excavators), Improve skidding trails implantation, DiaLOG Tool, Stream crossing system
- Step 2: Training session for forest practitioners (10 participants, feedback)
- <u>Step 3</u>: Showing good practises examples during technical day for forest owners (18 participants, 80 % plan to implement the new technique)

# France – Capacity building



#### Outcome and lessons learned:

- For <u>Forets et Bois de l'Est (SME partner)</u>:
  - A new methodology (co-construction, evaluation during the process...)
  - New technical knowledge environmental sound operations
  - New communication approach with forest owners
    - for a more efficient service delivery
- For others:
  - the results of this project are going to be used in other regions (Champagne-Ardenne and Lorraine)

"An improvement of foresters' capacities combined with better communication towards forest owners lead to wood mobilisation."

(Cyrille Pupin, Forêts & Bois de l'Est, Philippe Ruch, FCBA)

### **Conclusions**



### Engagement / Regional Learning Labs

- develop strong links with local stakeholders from the start,
- they will help to define bottlenecks, ensure they are solvable,
- help implement and disseminate the results of the project.
- encouraged collaboration and knowledge exchange between stakeholders

#### Research is better when SMEs are involved

- Research outputs are more likely to be useable and to be used
- SMEs are better as a result of their involvement in research
- Research is grounded in "real world" problems
- SMEs have access to potential problem solvers (network)

#### Evaluation:

- consider how to evaluate the outcomes and impacts of your project;
- reflect on whether you are on track; regularly seek feedback;
- allocate time to this because it is worth the effort.



## Thank you for your attention!

Simwood Homepage: www.simwood-project.eu

Simwood Information System: <u>www.simwood.jrc.ec.europa.eu/</u>



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