

Wood-based products in climate change mitigation

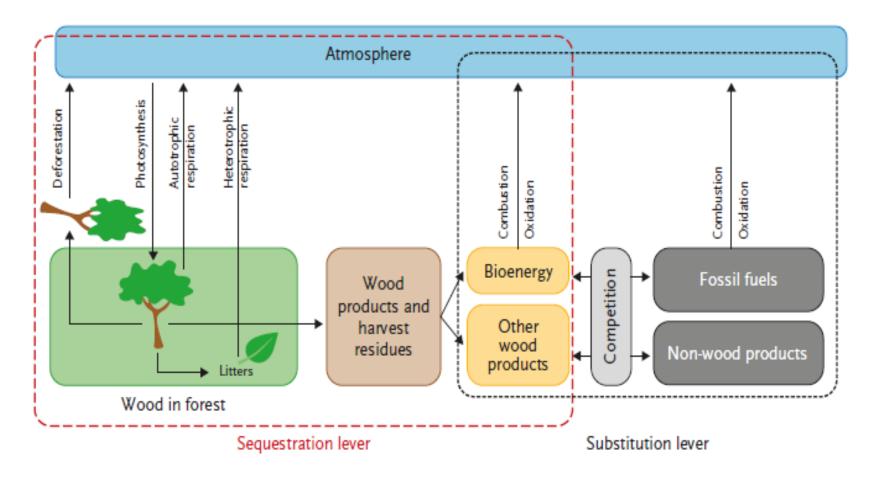
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Carbon stocks and flows (Nabuurs et al.)



Substitution is about technosystem emisssion of wood-based products compared to non-wood products.

Substitution effects of wood-based products in climate change mitigation

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Aims

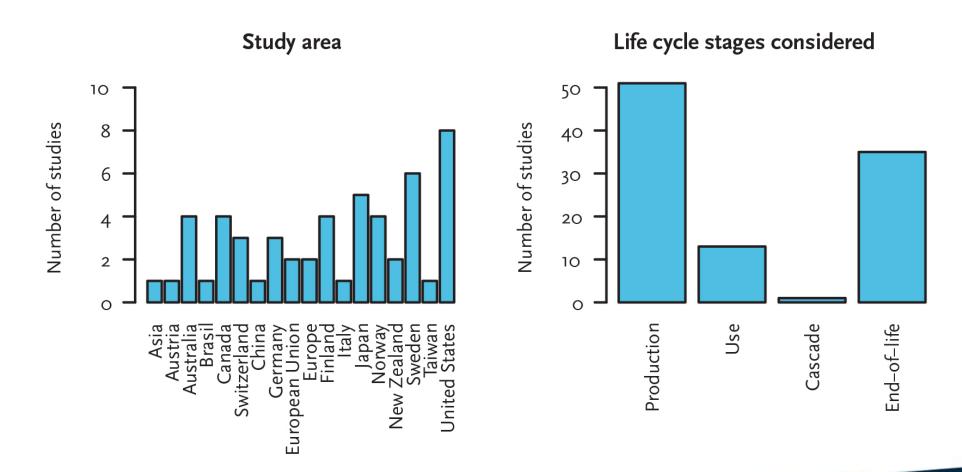
Review current scientific knowledge of GHG substitution effects of wood-based products.

- Defining and assessing GHG substitution factors of wood products
- Magnitudes of GHG substitution effects of wood-based products
- Upscaling substitution factors from product level to market level
- Scale of overall substitution benefits at market level
- Applying substitution factors in decision making and policy planning

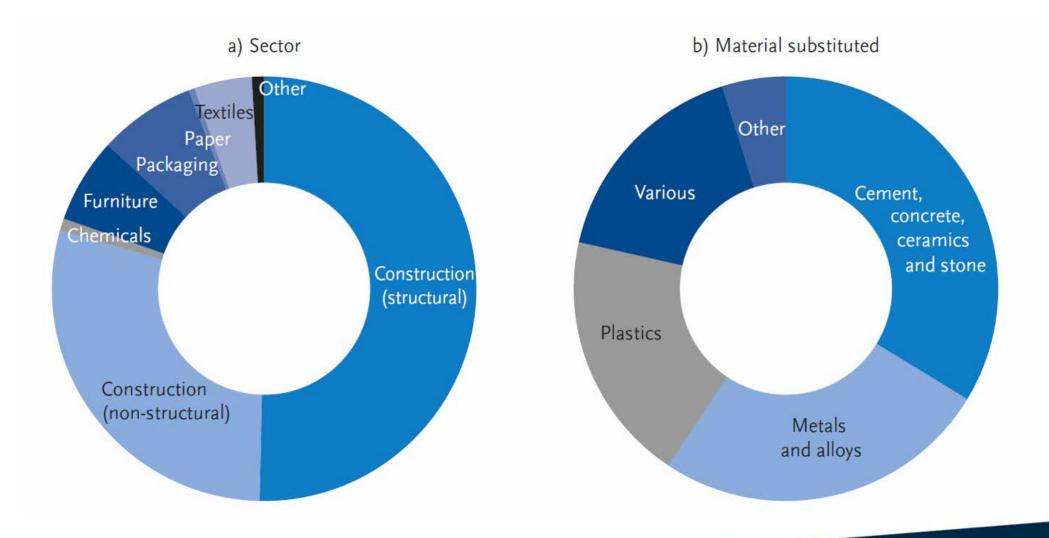


Results

51 studies: 433 separate substitution factors



Sectors and materials

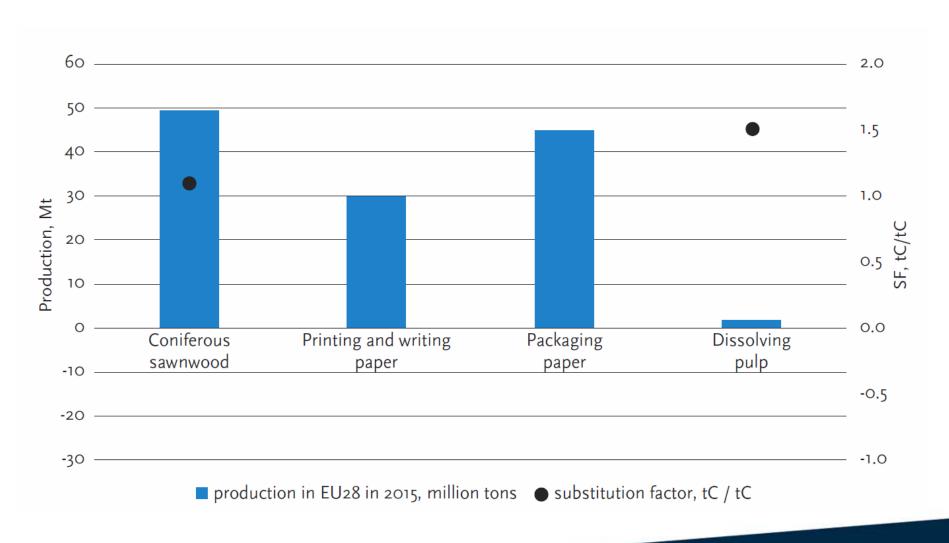


Average substitution effects

Product categories	Average substitution effect kg C / kg C wood product	Average substitution effect kg CO2 eq. / kg wood product
Structural construction	1.3	2.4
Non-structural construction	1.6	2.9
Textiles	2.8	5.1
Other product categories	1 – 1.5	1.8 – 2.7
Average across all product categories	1.2	2.2*

^{* 95%} of the substitution factors between [-1.3, 9.3]

From products to market level



Life Cycle Assessment is key

Emissions of a product depend on all life cycle stages:

- Production
- Use and maintenance
- Cascading effects of recovery of materials from end-of-life products
- End-of-life

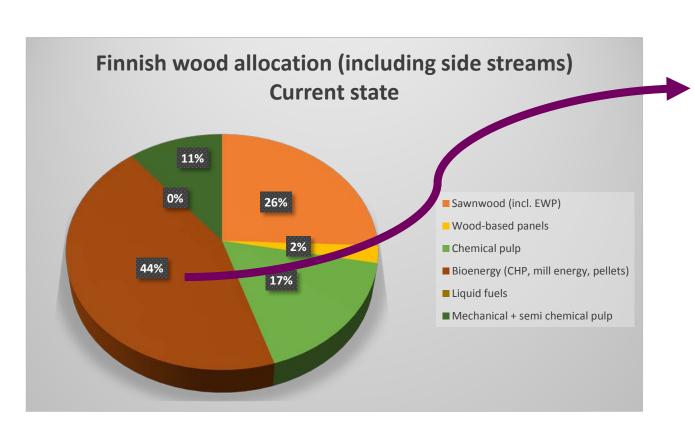
All can be important and should be taken into account!

Role of circularity in bioeconomy: Case textiles (Lauri Hetemäki)

- Bioeconomy alone is not enough, but the recycling and circularity has to be built already at the <u>design states</u> of new products and businesses
- Textile industry is a big sector, in which recycling is in a bad shape, or it does not even exist
- Circular bioeconomy requires that those businesses, like forest industry, which are entering the sector, have to start to establish <u>recycling institution</u>, together with customers and policy makers (c.f. paper recycling)



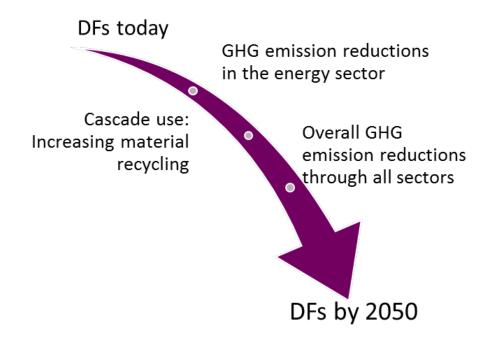
Climate change mitigation through product substitution: Participative backcasting on the uses of wood in Finland (Janni Kunttu)



- Sidestreams are mostly used for energy to date
- How to allocate wood flows for high DF material uses in the future?
- Technical development (energy efficiency, alternative energy sources) is one driver in this transition

Climate change mitigation through product substitution: Participative backcasting on the uses of wood in Finland (Janni Kunttu)

- Future GHG emission reductions and increasing use of recycled materials
- Technical constrains for 'DF maximising wood utilisation patterns'
- Market viability and strategy development

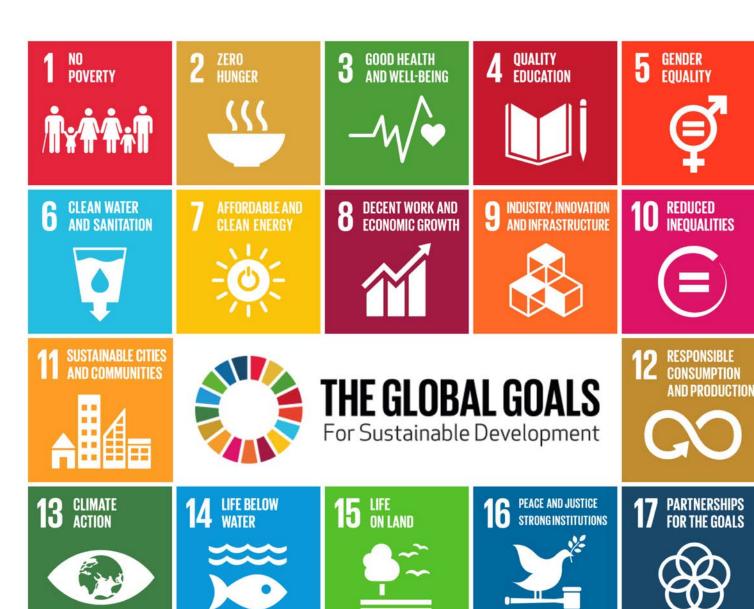




Key messages

- 1. Use of wood and wood-based products is associated with **lower fossil** and process-based emissions when compared to non-wood products
- 2. Substitution factor is **not sufficient** to guide policy making needs a holistic approach
- 3. Resource-efficiency and minimizing material waste should be simultaneous policy target with climate mitigation
- **4.** Lack of knowledge on climate impacts of emerging forest products textiles, packaging, chemicals
- 5. Existing product portfolios can be improved to have better mitigation impacts!







Thank you!

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